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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/600,177	06/20/2003	George E. Barringer JR.	3551.1004-000	9752
	7590 06/11/200 BROOK, SMITH & RE	EXAMINER		
530 VIRGINIA ROAD P.O. BOX 9133 CONCORD, MA 01742-9133			NOGUEROLA, ALEXANDER STEPHAN	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1795	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/11/2009	PAPER

## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/600,177	BARRINGER ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	

	ALEX NOGUEROLA	1795	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED <u>01 June 2009</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS APP	LICATION IN CONDITION FOR A	LLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Apperfor Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	replies: (1) an amendment, affidavi eal (with appeal fee) in compliance	t, or other evidence, wwith 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire la Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or ( MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE f).	g date of the final rejection FIRST REPLY WAS FI	on. LED WITHIN TWO
have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ext under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the s set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	ension and the corresponding amount hortened statutory period for reply origi than three months after the mailing dat	of the fee. The approprious of the fee. The appropriation of the final Office of the final Office of the feet appropriate the feet appr	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
<ol> <li>The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed wi AMENDMENTS</li> </ol>	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, be (a) They raise new issues that would require further cor (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below (c) They are not deemed to place the application in beti	nsideration and/or search (see NOTw);	ΓE below);	
appeal; and/or  (d) They present additional claims without canceling a converse NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	corresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):		mpliant Amendment (	PTOL-324).
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).	·	•	-
7.  For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:		r be entered and an e.	xpianation of
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).</li> </ol>			
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	al and/or appellant fail	s to provide a
10. ☑ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attach	ed.
<ol> <li>The request for reconsideration has been considered but <u>See Continuation Sheet.</u></li> </ol>	,	condition for allowan	ce because:
<ul><li>12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i>(s). (</li><li>13. ☐ Other:</li></ul>	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
	/Alex Noguerola/ Primary Examiner, Art U	Init 1795	

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: It is the Examiner's view that when Virtanen's patent in full is fairly considered along with the contemporay state of the art one with ordinary skill in the art would understand Virtanen to teach a controller as set forth in claim 27. Applicant disagrees. Although Virtanen states, "Operation of the entire apparatus can be controlled by means of a micro-processor." and discloses operatively adjusting, controlling, modifying, and setting initial and boundary condittions for operation parameters such as pumping time, electric field, and flow rate, in Applicant's view Virtanen at best discloses providing dials so that a person may manually adjust operating parameters as desired or needed. While such dials may be present Virtanen clearly is primarily concerned with an automated or programmable electrophoresis apparatus. Besides all of the passages cited in the Final Rejection that the Examiner believes would suggest to one of ordinary skill in the art automation or programming. Virtanen states. in a general background discussion of capillary electrophoresis, "In addition, capillary electrophoresis can be readily automated." See col. 01:34-35. Virtanen discloses setting initial and boundary conditions for certain paramaters, yet arbitrarily modifying test conditions during a run. See col. 02:29-44. It is unllikey Virtanen contemplated a person constantly making measurements or reading meters, making calulations, and twirling dials to ensure a successful electrophoresis run. It is more likely Virtanen contemplated a software that allows the user to set some initial and boudary conditions and based on these conditions and feedback input from the apparatus on operating conditions and parameter values to make adjustments accordingly. Moreover, claim 27 is unpatentable because claims that depend therefrom are unpatentable. In regard to the rejection of claim 28, for example, the Examiner disagrees that a person of ordinary skill in the art "... would not turn to the teachings of Nikiforov regarding interpreters for use in a capillary electrophoresis system to implement a sophisticated layer of processing between an end-user and a microcontroller," (page 15 of Applicant's response) especially since NIkiforov discloses performing electrophoresis in capillary dimensioned microchannels. See col. 09:21-29; col. 10:12-16; col. 10:48-55; and col. 08:40-50. At any rate, whether electrophoresis or another electrokinetic process Nikiforov's system is configured to apply an electric field across capillary-sized channels so as to move bulk fluid or charged particles and as such is analogous art to Virtanen's capillary electrophoresis apparatus.

The Examiner has considered Dr. Barringer's Declaration. In the Examiner's view it is unpersuasive because it is partly at variance with a fair reading of Virtanen and Nikiforov and partly argues about details that are not in the claims. The Declaration is at variance with Virtanen and Nikiforov because unlike Dr. Barringer's assertions in paragraphs 11-13 that one of ordinary skill in the art would not be able to configure nor would desire a capillary electrophoreisis system configured to receive operational input from an end user, Virtanen and Nikiforov teach otherwise, as discussed above. The Declaration in paragraph14 argues about the form of the operational input, such as, being a set of English phrases, that is not in the claims.

In sum, Applicant does not recognize how broad the claims are and is reading into them details that are not positively recited. For these reasons the rejections of claims 27-52 are maintained.